UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

∠ QUARTERLY REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITI	ES EXCHANGE ACT	OF 1934	
		For the quarterly period ended S	eptember 30, 2025		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITI	ES EXCHANGE ACT	OF 1934	
		For the transition period from	ı to		
		Commission File Number:	001-42283		
		LEGACY EDUCA (Exact name of registrant as speci			
	Nevada			84-5167957	
(State or other jurisdiction of			(I.R.S. Employer	
incorporation or organization)				Identification No.)	
	Avenue K, Suite 123 Lancas	-		93534	
(Addr	ress of principal executive of	říces)		(Zip Code)	
		(661) 940-9300			
		(Registrant's telephone number, in	cluding area code)		
Securities registered pursuant	t to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
Title of e	ach class	Trading symbol(s)	Nam	e of each exchange on which registered	
Common stock,	\$0.001 par value	LGCY		NYSE American LLC	
3	• ,	1 1	\ /	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the filing requirements for the past 90 days. Ye	
3	C	nitted electronically every Interactive (or for such shorter period that the reg		be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Resubmit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square	egulation S-T
				er, a smaller reporting company or an eme ng growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the E	
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated	filer		
Non-accelerated filer	×		orting company	\boxtimes	
		Emerging g	rowth company	\boxtimes	
If an emerging growth compa accounting standards provide		•	the extended transition	period for complying with any new or rev	ised financial
Indicate by check mark wheth	her the registrant is a shell co	mpany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of th	e Exchange Act). Yes □] No ⊠	
The number of shares of the i	ssuer's common stock. \$0.00	of par value per share, outstanding as o	of November 10, 2025 v	vas 12.566.988.	
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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INDUSTRY DATA

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements which are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Any statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and are forward-looking statements. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as "may," "should," "believes," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continues" "intends," "plans" and "would" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. For example, statements concerning financial condition, possible or assumed future results of operations, growth opportunities, and plans are all forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements are based on a series of expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about our company, are not guarantees of future results or performance and involve substantial risks and uncertainty. They involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in these forward-looking statements involve substantial known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including the risks and uncertainties inherent in our statements regarding:

- compliance with the extensive existing regulatory framework applicable to our industry or our failure to timely obtain and maintain regulatory approvals and accreditation;
- compliance with continuous changes in applicable federal laws and regulations including recently enacted federal legislation, executive orders and pending rulemaking by the U.S. Department of Education ("ED");
- the effect of current and future Title IV Program laws and regulations arising out of recent legislation, executive orders and negotiated rulemakings, including any recent and potential future reductions or disruptions in funding or restrictions on the use of funds received through Title IV Programs;
- successful updating and expansion of the content of existing programs and developing new programs in a cost-effective manner or on a timely basis;
- uncertainties regarding our ability to comply with current and future federal and state laws and regulations and accrediting body standards, including but not limited to the 90/10 revenue test (as defined herein), gainful employment and earnings metrics, and limits on cohort default rates;
- successful implementation of our strategic plan;
- our inability to maintain eligibility for or to process federal student financial assistance;
- regulatory investigations of, or actions commenced against, us or other companies in our industry;
- changes in the state regulatory environment or budgetary constraints;
- enrollment declines or challenges in our students' ability to find employment as a result of economic conditions;
- maintenance and expansion of existing industry relationships and develop new industry relationships;
- a loss of members of our senior management or other key employees;
- uncertainties associated with opening of new campuses and closing existing campuses;
- uncertainties associated with integration of acquired schools;
- industry competition;
- the effect of any cybersecurity incident; and
- general economic conditions.

All of our forward-looking statements are as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q only. In each case, actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking information. We can give no assurance that such expectations or forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. An occurrence of, or any material adverse change in, one or more of the risk factors or risks and uncertainties referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or included in our other public disclosures or our other periodic reports or other documents or filings filed with or furnished to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") could materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations. Except as required by law, we do not undertake or plan to update or revise any such forward-looking statements to reflect actual results, changes in plans, assumptions, estimates or projections or other circumstances affecting such forward-looking statements occurring after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, even if such results, changes or circumstances make it clear that any forward-looking information will not be realized. Any public statements or disclosures by us following this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that modify or impact any of the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will be deemed to modify or supersede such statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may include market data and certain industry data and forecasts, which we may obtain from internal company surveys, market research, consultant surveys, publicly available information, reports of governmental agencies and industry publications, articles and surveys. Industry surveys, publications, consultant surveys and forecasts generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the accuracy and completeness of such information is not guaranteed. While we believe that such studies and publications are reliable, we have not independently verified market and industry data from third-party sources.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Legacy Education Inc.
(dba High Desert Medical College)
(dba Central Coast College)
(dba Integrity College of Health)
(dba Contra Costa Medical Career College)

Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

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Legacy Education Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets

	Se	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	
ASSETS			·	(Audited)	
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,586,087	\$	20,316,357	
Accounts receivable, net of \$1,861,311 and \$1,641,052 allowance for doubtful accounts as of September 30,					
2025 and June 30, 2025, respectively		17,625,201		15,050,841	
Prepaid expenses		2,179,142		1,383,405	
Other receivables		479,514		302,424	
Total current assets		40,869,944		37,053,027	
Property and equipment, net		2,620,557		2,484,304	
Operating lease right-of-use asset		15,147,699		15,781,177	
Financing lease right-of-use asset		303,209		311,711	
Intangible assets		3,853,124		3,858,027	
Goodwill		6,430,654		6,852,076	
Accounts receivable, long-term		1,963,586		1,966,137	
Deferred income tax assets		395,546		395,546	
Security deposits		506,089		503,133	
Total assets	\$	72,090,408	\$	69,205,138	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	5,294,676	\$	4.929.530	
Accrued income tax payable	*	1,383,974	-	596,250	
Deferred, unearned tuition		5,351,127		4,956,396	
Other current liabilities		3,197		3,197	
Current portion of debt		661,944		875,350	
Debt owed, related party		50,000		50,000	
Current portion of financing lease		65,806		63,989	
Current portion of operating lease liability		2,159,041		2,306,061	
Total current liabilities		14,969,765		13,780,773	
Debt, net of current portion		64,912		481,264	
Financing lease, net of current portion		73,539		151,420	
Other liabilities		_			
Operating lease liability, net of current portion		13,316,571		13,748,161	
Total liabilities		28,424,787		28,161,618	
Commitments and contingencies					
Stockholders' equity					
Preferred stock: \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		-		-	
Common stock: \$0.001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 12,497,027 and 12,452,670 shares issued					
and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, respectively		12,497		12,453	
Additional paid in capital		27,708,462		27,273,365	
Retained earnings		15,944,662		13,757,702	
Total stockholders' equity		43,665,621		41,043,520	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	72,090,408	\$	69,205,138	
- Sun institutes and stockholders equity	φ	12,090,400	Ф	09,203,136	

Legacy Education Inc. Consolidated Income Statements

	F	For the three months ended September 30,			
		2025		2024	
Revenue					
Tuition and related income, net	\$	19,401,023	\$	14,005,091	
Operating expenses					
Educational services		10,321,597		7,204,574	
General and administrative		6,107,599		3,966,047	
General and administrative – related party		149,350		81,053	
Depreciation and amortization		123,827		81,141	
Total costs and expenses		16,702,373		11,332,815	
Operating income		2,698,650		2,672,276	
Other income and expense					
Interest expenses		(43,960)		(29,350)	
Interest income		318,844		260,896	
Total other income		274,884		231,546	
Income before income tax expenses		2,973,534		2,903,822	
Income tax expenses		(786,574)		(813,069)	
Net income	\$	2,186,960	\$	2,090,753	
Net income per share					
Basic net income per share	¢	0.18	¢	0.22	
Diluted net income per share	<u>\$</u> \$	0.18	\$ \$	0.22	
Diffuted net income per snare	\$	0.16	2	0.21	
Weighted average number of common stock outstanding					
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		12,458,551		9,320,063	
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		13,886,201		9,817,558	

Legacy Education Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

	Preferre	ed Stock	Common	Stock	Additional paid in	Retained	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	capital	Earnings	Total
Balance, June 30, 2025		\$ -	12,452,670	\$ 12,453	\$27,273,365	\$13,757,702	\$41,043,520
Stock-based compensation					269,246		269,246
Exercise of options	-	-	44,357	- 44	165,851	=	165,895
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	2,186,960	2,186,960
Balance, September 30, 2025		\$ -	12,497,027	\$ 12,497	\$27,708,462	\$15,944,662	\$ 43,665,621
					Additional		
	Preferi	ed Stock	Commo	n Stock	Additional paid in	Retained	
	Preferi Shares	red Stock Amount	Commo Shares	n Stock Amount		Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, June 30, 2024					paid in		Total \$ 22,419,012
, ,	Shares		Shares 9,291,149	Amount \$ 9,291	paid in capital \$16,186,251	Earnings	\$ 22,419,012
Exercise of option	Shares		Shares 9,291,149 76,000	Amount \$ 9,291	paid in capital \$16,186,251	Earnings	\$ 22,419,012
, ,	Shares -	Amount \$ -	Shares 9,291,149	Amount \$ 9,291	paid in capital \$16,186,251	Earnings \$ 6,223,470	\$ 22,419,012
Exercise of option	Shares -	Amount \$ -	Shares 9,291,149 76,000	Amount \$ 9,291	paid in capital \$16,186,251	Earnings \$ 6,223,470	\$ 22,419,012
Exercise of option Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs	Shares	Amount \$ -	Shares 9,291,149 76,000	Amount \$ 9,291 76 2,500	paid in capital \$16,186,251 39,444 7,937,072	Earnings \$ 6,223,470	\$22,419,012 39,520 7,939,572

Legacy Education Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	For the three months ended September 30,			
		2025	2024	
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:	·			
Net income	\$	2,186,960	\$	2,090,753
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:				
Non cash compensation		269,246		67,031
Depreciation & amortization		123,828		81,137
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts for accounts receivable and contracts receivable		641,681		556,316
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(2,792,068)		82,193
Prepaid expenses		(795,737)		(208,042)
Other receivable		(177,090)		=
Other assets		51,912		(34,133)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		365,148		490,941
Income tax payable		787,724		(1,147,624)
Deferred unearned tuition		394,731		1,206,682
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,056,335		3,185,254
Cash flows used in investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(246,677)		(235,816)
Net cash used in investing activities		(246,677)		(235,816)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:				
Proceeds from IPO, net of offering cost		_		8,216,438
Proceeds from exercise of options		165,895		39,520
Principal payment on finance lease		(61,104)		(56,184)
Principal payments on debt		(644,719)		(32,743)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(539,928)		8,167,031
Net increase cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash		269,730		11,116,469
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of year		20,316,357		10,376,149
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash, negrining of year	\$	20,586,087	\$	21,492,618
Cash and Cash equivalents and restricted cash, that of period	\$	20,380,087	3	21,492,018
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information				
Cash paid during the periods for interest	\$	43,959	\$	24,052
Cash paid during the periods for income taxes	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,960,693
Supplemental disclosure of noncash activities				
Non-cash purchase of equipment	\$	-	\$	39,275
Prepaid expense reclassifies to offering cost	\$	-	\$	276,866

Note 1 - Nature of Business

For purposes of these financial statements, "Legacy," the "Company," "we," "our," "us," or similar references refers to Legacy Education Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. Legacy Education, LLC was formed on October 19, 2009 in the state of California as a limited liability company. The Company operates as a career institution that focuses on real-life training by utilizing educational practices in different job markets. The Company offers programs in career paths such as healthcare, veterinary, medical information technology, business management, and green technology. The Company's institutions are accredited by the Accrediting Council for Continuing Education and Training ("ACCET") or the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools ("ABHES") and approved to operate in the state of California by the Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education ("BPPE"). The consolidated financial statements include accounts of Legacy Education Inc. d/b/a High Desert Medical College ("HDMC") and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Legacy Education Monterey LLC ("Monterey") d/b/a Central Coast College ("CCC"), its wholly-owned subsidiary, Advanced Health Services, LLC d/b/a Integrity College of Health ("Integrity") and Legacy Education Antioch, LLC ("Antioch") d/b/a Contra Costa Medical Career College ("CCMCC"). Pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization (the "Reorganization Merger"), dated September 1, 2021, effective as of September 3, 2021 (the "Effective Date"), Legacy Education Merger Sub, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Legacy Education Inc. formed solely for the purpose of implementing the Reorganization Merger, merged with and into Legacy Education, LLC, with Legacy Education, LLC surviving the merger and becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of Legacy Education Inc., a corporation formed on March 18, 2020 in the State of Nevada for the sole purpose of restructuring the Company from a member-owned Limited Liability Corporation to a shareholder-owned C-Corporation.

HDMC offers instruction in several programs including, but not limited to, ultrasound technician, ultrasound technician associate of applied science degree, medical billing and coding, vocational nursing, clinical medical assisting, pharmacy technician, dental assisting, medical administrative vocational nursing associate of applied science degree and registered nursing.

CCC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of HDMC, offers instruction in healthcare career training programs, veterinary career training, and additional fields such as accounting.

Integrity, a wholly-owned subsidiary of HDMC, is an accredited college offering instruction in medical assisting, vocational nursing, medical insurance coding and billing, diagnostic medical sonography (ultrasound technician) Bachelors of Science in nursing (RN to BSN), and veterinary assistant.

CCMCC, a wholly owned subsidiary of HDMC effective as of December 18, 2024, is accredited by ACCET and has been granted temporary approval to participate in the Financial Student Aid programs by the Department of Education ("ED") following the consummation of the transaction discussed below in Note 3. CCMCC offers vocational nursing, surgical technology, sterile processing technician, pharmacy technician, dental assisting, medical assisting, diagnostic medical sonography, EKG/ECG technician, and medical administrative assistant/billing and coding specialist programs.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements, and all per share information contained herein, have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split described in Note 13.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

Principles of Consolidation

The audited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of HDMC and its wholly owned subsidiaries, CCC, Integrity and CCMCC. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of Presentation Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all the normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations as of and for the periods presented. The interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year or any future period.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the interim information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Report on Form 10-K filed on September 25, 2025, for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the assumptions used in the evaluation of the Company's distinct performance obligations, the valuation of equity instruments and allowance for credit losses related to accounts receivable.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on reported consolidated net income.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025 approximately \$10.49 million and \$10.38 million, respectively, of cash equivalents was held in instruments considered level 1 securities as defined in the "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" note below.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Normal repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that materially extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Furniture and fixtures, machinery, computer equipment, and vehicles generally have estimated useful lives of ten, seven, four, and five years, respectively. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their lease term or their useful life.

Leases

The Company accounts for leases in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 842 Leases, which requires the recognition of assets and liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under GAAP. The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception and evaluates the lease agreement to determine whether the lease is a finance or operating lease. The guidance requires that a lessee should recognize on the balance sheet a liability to make lease payments and a right-to-use asset representing the Company's right to use the underlying assets for the term of the lease. The guidance allows a lessee who enters into a lease with a term of 12 months or less to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying assets not to recognize assets and liabilities. Right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payment over the lease term. The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement to determine the present value of lease payments over the lease term. See Note 12 for more information about the Company's lease-related obligations.

Goodwill and Intangibles

The Company has implemented the Business Combinations Topic FASB ASC 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other*. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair market value of the net assets (including intangibles) acquired on December 31, 2019, January 15, 2019 and on December 18, 2024.

Goodwill, tradename, and accreditation are deemed to have an indefinite life, and course curriculum has a definite life of approximately 18 years. Goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets are not amortized but are subject to, at a minimum, annual impairment tests. The Company expenses costs to maintain or extend intangible assets as incurred.

The Company reviews intangible assets (with a definite life), excluding goodwill, accreditation and tradenames, for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company measures the recoverability of these assets by comparing the carrying amounts to the future undiscounted cash flows that the assets are expected to generate. If the carrying value of the assets are not recoverable, the impairment recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair value. There were no impairments for the periods presented.

The Company tests goodwill, accreditation and trade names for impairment at least annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. There were no goodwill, accreditation or trade names impairments for the periods presented.

The Company amortizes intangible assets with definite lives on a straight-line basis.

Long-Lived Assets

The Company evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets for impairment, other than goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fair value estimates are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows. The Company had no long-lived asset impairments as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when control of promised goods or services is transferred to the Company's customers in an amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Company follows the five steps approach for revenue recognition under FASB ASC 606: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and (v) recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

The Company identifies a contract for revenue recognition when there is approval and commitment from both parties, the rights of the parties and payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and the collectability of consideration is probable. The Company evaluates each contract to determine the number of distinct performance obligations in the contract, which requires the use of judgment. The Company's contracts include promises for educational services and course materials which are distinct performance obligations.

Tuition revenue is primarily derived from postsecondary education services provided to students. Generally, tuition and other fees are paid upfront and recorded in contract liabilities in advance of the date when education services are provided to the student. A tuition receivable is recorded for the portion of tuition not paid in advance. In some instances, installment billing is available to students which reduces the amount of cash consideration received in advance of performing the service. The contractual terms and conditions associated with installment billing indicate that the student is liable for the total contract price, therefore mitigating the Company's exposure to losses associated with nonpayment. Tuition revenue is recognized ratably over the instruction period. The Company generally uses the time elapsed method, an input measure, as it best depicts the simultaneous consumption and delivery of tuition services. Revenue associated with distinct course materials is recognized at the point of time when control transfers to the student, generally when the materials are delivered to the student. Revenue associated with lab services is recognized over the period of time when the service is performed.

The Company's refund policy may permit students who do not complete a course to be eligible for a refund for the portion of the course they did not attend. Refunds generally result in a reduction of deferred revenue during the period that the student drops or withdraws from a class.

The transaction price is stated in the contract and known at the time of contract inception, as such there is variable consideration for situations when a student drops from a program based on the Company's refund policy and additional charges if a student requires additional hours to complete the program beyond the contracted end date. The Company believes that its experience with these situations is of little predictive value because the future performance of students is dependent on each individual and the amount of variable consideration is highly susceptible to factors outside of the Company's influence. Accordingly, no variable consideration has been included in the transaction price or recognized as income until the constraint has been eliminated. Revenue is allocated to each performance obligation based on its standalone selling price. Any discounts within the contract are allocated across all performance obligations unless observable evidence exists that the discount relates to a specific performance obligation or obligations in the contract. The Company generally determines standalone selling prices based on prices charged to students.

The Company excludes from revenue taxes assessed by a governmental authority as these are agency transactions collected on their behalf from the customer. Significant judgments include the allocation of the contract price across performance obligations, the methodology for earning tuition ratably over the instruction period, estimates for the amount of variable consideration included in the transaction price as well as the determination of the impact of the constraints preventing the variable consideration from being recognized in revenue.

Disaggregation of Revenue

The tuition and related revenue consist of the following during the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	2025	2024
Tuition and lab fees (recognized over time)	\$ 16,921,803	\$ 12,120,857
Books, registration and other fees (recognized at a point in time)	2,479,220	1,884,234
Total revenue	\$ 19,401,023	\$ 14,005,091

Segment Reporting

The Company operates one reportable business segment offering career-focused, post-secondary education services to students at all stages of adult life, from recent high school graduates to working parents, through its accredited academic institutions. The Company's primary revenue source is derived from educational programs and services provided at its colleges through tuition and lab fees as well as fees for supporting educational programs such as books and registration costs.

Operating as a cohesive educational services company, the Company offers its products and services in the State of California at a series of institutions, using a centralized management approach for all educational services and support functions.

The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") serves as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM evaluates the Company's performance based on consolidated net income. This measure aligns with the Company's consolidated financial statements and serves as the basis for resource allocation and performance assessment. The measure of segment assets is reported on the balance sheet as total consolidated assets. The CODM monitors profitability and strategic growth initiatives on a consolidated basis, without disaggregating profit or loss into separate operating segments. The Company determined there are no significant segment expenses that require a separate disclosure. The consolidated net income is used to assess overall company performance, benchmark against industry standards, and identify profitability trends, which guides resource allocation and investment in expansion and program upgrades. The CODM also evaluates company performance using operating income. Operating income provides the CODM with a focused view of the Company's profitability excluding the effects of financing activities, tax strategies, and other non-operating items. This measure enables the CODM to assess operational efficiency, monitor performance trends, and evaluate the effectiveness of strategies aimed at revenue generation and cost management.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company records an allowance for credit losses for estimated losses resulting from the inability, failure or refusal of its students to make required payments, which includes the recovery of financial aid funds advanced to a student for amounts in excess of the student's cost of tuition and related fees. The Company determines the adequacy of its allowance for doubtful accounts based on an analysis of its historical bad debt experience, current economic trends, and the aging of the accounts receivable and student status. The Company applies reserves to its receivables based upon an estimate of the risk presented by the age of the receivables and student status. The Company writes off account receivable balances of inactive students at the earlier of the time the balances were deemed uncollectible, or one year after the revenue is generated. Bad debt expense is recorded as a general and administrative expense in the accompanying statements of operations. The Company performs an analysis annually to determine which accounts are uncollectable and then writes them off.

Refunds

The Company pays or credits refunds within 45 days of a student's cancellation or withdrawal for students who have completed 60% or less of the period of attendance based on a pro rata calculation. Once the student has completed more than 60% of a period of attendance, all Title IV funds are considered earned and no refunds are due to ED.

Advertising

The Company expenses advertising cost as incurred. Advertising costs amounted to \$1,574,722 and \$1,166,898 for the three months ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. Advertising costs are included in general and administrative expenses on the consolidated income statements.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company utilizes FASB ASC 718, *Stock Compensation*, related to accounting for share-based payments and, accordingly, records compensation expense for share-based awards based upon an assessment of the grant date fair value for stock options and restricted stock awards. The Company estimates the fair value of stock-based compensation awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense over the requisite service periods in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The Company estimates the fair value of stock-based compensation awards using the Black-Scholes model. This model requires the Company to estimate the expected volatility and value of its common stock and the expected term of the stock options, all of which are highly complex and subjective variables. The expected life was calculated based on the simplified method as described by the SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 110, Share-Based Payment. The Company's estimate of expected volatility was based on the volatility of peers. The Company has selected a risk-free rate based on the implied yield available on U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity equivalent to the expected term of the options. The Company accounts for forfeitures upon occurrence.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred, unearned tuition, debt and finance lease obligations. The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments approximate fair value.

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820") establishes a framework for all fair value measurements and expands disclosures related to fair value measurement and developments. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

ASC 820 requires that assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1—Quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets or observable inputs;
- Level 2—Significant other observable inputs that can be corroborated by observable market data; and
- Level 3—Significant unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data.

Concentration of Credit Risk

A substantial portion of revenues and ending accounts receivable at September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025 are a direct result of the Company's participation in Financial Student Aid ("FSA") programs, which represents a primary source of student tuition. The FSA programs are subject to political budgetary considerations. There is no assurance that funding will be maintained at current levels. The FSA programs are subject to significant regulatory requirements. Any regulatory violation could have a material effect on the Company.

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in various financial institutions. Accounts at these institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Company performs ongoing evaluations of these institutions to limit concentration risk exposure. The Company maintains cash balances in excess of these limits from time to time.

As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, \$10.49 million and \$10.38 million, respectively, was maintained in a redeemable money market account bearing interest at approximately 4.5% per annum.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company accrues for a contingent obligation when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount is reasonably estimable. When the Company becomes aware of a claim or potential claim, the likelihood of any loss exposure is assessed. If it is probable that a loss will result and the amount of the loss is estimable, the Company records a liability for the estimated loss. If the loss is not probable or the amount of the potential loss is not estimable, the Company will disclose the claim if the likelihood of a potential loss is reasonably possible and the amount of the potential loss could be material. Estimates that are particularly sensitive to future changes include tax, legal, and other regulatory matters, which are subject to change as events evolve, and as additional information becomes available during the administrative and litigation process. The Company expenses legal fees as incurred.

Income Taxes

GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Company and recognize a tax liability if the Company has taken an uncertain position that is more likely than not would be sustained upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Management has analyzed the Company's tax positions and believes there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statement.

The Company accounts for income taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be realized.

The Company expenses penalties and interest related to federal and state income taxes as incurred. Penalties, if any, are included in general and administrative expenses on the income statement. The estimated federal and state effective tax rates are 21% and 8.84%, respectively.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act. As such, the Company is eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in the Company's periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a non-binding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. If some investors find the securities less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for securities and the prices of securities may be more volatile.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards (that is, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies). The Company intends to take advantage of the benefits of this extended transition period.

Additionally, the Company is a "smaller reporting company" as defined in Item 10(f)(1) of Regulation S-K. Smaller reporting companies may take advantage of certain reduced disclosure obligations, including, among other things, providing only two years of audited financial statements. The Company will remain a smaller reporting company until the last day of the fiscal year in which (1) the market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates equals or exceeds \$250 million as of the as of the last business day of its most recently completed second fiscal year and the market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates equals or exceeds \$700 million as of the last business day of its most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

Earnings Per Share

FASB ASC 260, Earnings Per Share, requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") with a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basic EPS computation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS computation. Basic EPS excludes dilution. Diluted EPS is calculated using the treasury stock method, and reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators used to determine basic and diluted net income per common share for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

		:	2025		2024
Numerator					
Net income		\$	2,186,960	\$	2,090,753
Denominator					
Weighted-average shares outstanding, basic			12,458,551		9,320,063
Common stock warrants			77,293		-
Dilutive impact of share-based instruments			1,350,357		497,495
Weighted-average shares outstanding, diluted			13,886,201		9,817,558
Net income per share					
Basic		\$	0.18	\$	0.22
Diluted		\$	0.16	\$	0.21
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Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting—Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07"), which requires incremental disclosures related to a public entity's reportable segments. Required disclosures include, on an annual and interim basis, significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, an amount for other segment items (which is the difference between segment revenue less segment expenses and less segment profit or loss) and a description of its composition, the title and position of the CODM, and an explanation of how the CODM uses the reported measure(s) of segment profit or loss in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources. The standard also permits disclosure of more than one measure of segment profit. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. There are aspects of ASU 2023-07 that apply to entities with one reportable segment. The Company adopted this guidance in the fiscal fourth quarter of 2025. The adoption of ASU 2023-07 is reflected in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Segment Reporting."

Note 3 - Acquisition

On December 18, 2024, Antioch completed its acquisition of CCMCC for a base purchase price of \$8,000,000. Under the asset purchase agreement ("APA"), Antioch acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of CCMCC. Under the terms of the APA as consideration for the sale, Antioch paid Sellers \$6,600,000 subject to a working capital adjustment, entered into a \$400,000 promissory note, described in Note 10, and issued 118,906 shares of HDMC's common stock with a combined value equivalent to \$1,000,000 held in an escrow account for a period of one year. The working capital adjustment was required to equal zero on the transaction date and includes certain acquired assets and assumed liabilities. As of the date of this report, the net working capital adjustment has been determined to be \$466,920 for a total purchase price of \$7,533,080.

The acquisition was accounted for in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting. Under this method, the cost of the target is allocated to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess estimated fair values of the identifiable net assets over the amount paid was \$7,738,750 which has been allocated between goodwill and other intangible assets and is included on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

The following is a summary of the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the acquisition:

Current and other assets	\$ 2,157,783
Property and equipment	483,036
Total assets acquired	2,640,819
Liabilities assumed (excluding debt - see Note 9)	(2,846,489)
Net assets acquired	\$ (205,670)
Purchase price	\$ 7,533,080
Trade name	\$ 940,000
Accreditation	1,730,000
Course Curriculum	146,000
Goodwill	4,922,750
Total excess purchase price	\$ 7,738,750

The amounts recorded above related to the acquisition are subject to adjustment as the Company has not yet completed the final allocation of the purchase price. The Company has one year from the date of acquisition to complete its valuation of assets and liabilities assumed.

Following are the supplemental consolidated financial results of the Company and CCMCC on an unaudited pro forma basis, as if the acquisitions had been consummated as of the beginning of the fiscal year 2024 (i.e., July 1, 2023).

	For the Ye Jun	ars Ende e 30,	d
	 2025		2024
Revenue	\$ 68,180,441	\$	53,121,798
Net income	\$ 8,838,779	\$	5,294,148

The pro forma financial information presented above has been prepared by combining the Company's historical results and the historical results of CCMCC and adjusting those results to reflect the effects of the acquisition as if it occurred on July 1, 2023. These results do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations had the acquisition occurred on the date indicated above, or that may result in the future, and do not reflect potential synergies or additional costs following the acquisition.

Note 4 - Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets consisted of the following as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025:

	September 30, 2025			June 30, 2025		
Goodwill	\$	6,430,654	\$	6,852,076		
Trade name		1,736,100		1,736,100		
Accreditation		1,818,200		1,818,200		
Course curriculum		344,000		344,000		
Total cost of intangibles	\$	10,328,954	\$	10,750,376		
Less accumulated amortization		(45,176)		(40,273)		
Intangibles net	\$	10,283,778	\$	10,710,103		

As of June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, no impairment of the Company's goodwill, nor other intangibles with an indefinite life was required related to its previous acquisitions of CCC, Integrity and CCMCC. The Company recognized \$4,903 and \$1,253, respectively, in amortization expense for three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024. Although the ACCET accreditation has an indefinite life, the accreditation requires renewal every five years. CCC's ACCET accreditation was most recently renewed in April 2025 and its next renewal is in April 2030. CCMCC's accreditation was most recently renewed in April 2022 and its next renewal is in April 2026. HDMC's ACCET accreditation was most recently renewed in April 2029. Although ABHES accreditation has an indefinite life, the accreditation requires renewal every five years. Integrity's next ABHES accreditation renewal is in February 2026. 100% of goodwill is expected to be deductible for federal income tax purposes and will be amortized over 15 years on a straight-line basis.

Note 5 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	Sep	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	
Leasehold improvements	\$	1,305,863	\$	1,299,825	
Machinery and equipment		1,481,678		1,389,417	
Computer equipment		1,561,151		1,427,842	
Furniture, fixtures and other equipment		357,955		342,886	
Total		4,706,647		4,459,970	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,086,090)		(1,975,666)	
Property and equipment, net	\$	2,620,557	\$	2,484,304	

Depreciation and amortization expense associated with property and equipment totaled \$118,925 and \$79,884 for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Note 6 - Accounts Receivable, Long-Term

TuitionFlex

The TuitionFlex Program is designed to create a flexible tuition credit program for students and families to help bridge the financial gap, all in accordance with applicable federal Truth-In-Lending regulations. Through this program, we offer payment plans to all students, regardless of financial need, for up to 5 years. The long-term portion of student receivables utilizing the TuitionFlex program was \$1,963,586 and \$1,966,137 as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, respectively.

Note 7 – Prepaid Expenses

The prepaid expenses consist of the following as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025:

	Sep	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	
Books	\$	314,811	\$	190,928	
Supplies and other prepaid expenses		1,864,331		1,192,477	
Total prepaid expenses	\$	2,179,142	\$	1,383,405	

Note 8 - Other Receivables

The other receivables consist of the following as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025:

	September 30,		
	2025		2025
Other advance	94,454		94,454
Receivable from CCMCC Seller	347,340		170,250
Employee retention credit	37,720		37,720
Total other receivables	\$ 479,514	\$	302,424

The Company paid \$106,846 of federal income taxes on behalf of a foreign investor in Legacy in the year ended June 30, 2020, and the amount due back to the Company as of each of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025 was \$94,454.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Company applied for certain Employee Retention Credits ("ERTC") under the CARES Act in the approximate amount of \$2.9 million. The remaining balance of the ERTC receivable as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025was \$37,720.

Note 9 - Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025 consist of the following:

		September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	
Accounts payable		\$	1,714,314	\$	1,391,620
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes			693,644		1,081,600
Accrued vacation			621,878		611,136
Accrued bonuses			2,122,704		1,710,204
Accrued other expenses			142,136		134,970
Total		\$	5,294,676	\$	4,929,530
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Note 10 - Debts and Other Liabilities

(1) Promissory Notes and Related Parties Debt

The Company received \$750,000 in proceeds from several creditors, including \$150,000 from related parties in the form of unsecured promissory notes. Under the terms of the unsecured promissory notes, the principal shall be due and payable on the earlier to occur (i) the 9-month anniversary of the first advance under each promissory note; or (ii) the completion of an initial public offering by payee ("Maturity Date"), and the promissory note shall bear interest at a monthly rate of 1% based upon the amount outstanding as of any calculation date. Interest shall be payable monthly commencing on the 15th day of each calendar month following the date funds are first advanced. The maturity dates on these promissory notes were extended to March 31, 2021. The noteholders agreed to defer the repayment of the principal balance until the completion of an initial public offering and subsequently agreed to defer the repayment until demanded or paid.

	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025
Promissory note issued on November 12, 2019	\$	500,000	\$ 500,000
Promissory note issued on December 30, 2019, related party		50,000	50,000
Total other debt	\$	550,000	\$ 550,000

A further note issued on February 6, 2020 in the amount of \$100,000 was repaid in cash in September 2023.

(2) Equipment Loan

In January 2023, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$30,744. The note accrues interest at a rate of 6.0% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$10,943 and \$13,015, respectively.

In August 2023, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$35,580. The note accrues interest at a rate of 10.14% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$17,519 and \$19,660, respectively.

In November 2023, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$14,610. The note accrues interest at a rate of 10.72% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$8,381 and \$9,265, respectively.

In December 2023, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$11,920. The note accrues interest at a rate of 13.53% per annum and requires 36 equal monthly payments. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$5,158 and \$6,160, respectively.

In February 2024, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$35,612. The note accrues interest at a rate of 8% per annum and requires 36 equal monthly payments. The first payment was on April 1, 2024. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$18,867 and \$21,795, respectively.

In June 2024, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$48,966. The note accrues interest at a rate of 11.16% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. The first payment was on June 1, 2024. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$34,982 and \$37,752, respectively.

In July 2024, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$39,189. The note accrues interest at a rate of 11.15% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. The first payment was on July 1, 2024. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$28,750 and \$30,946, respectively.

In June 2025, the Company entered into an equipment loan for \$528,176. The note accrues interest at a rate of 9.392% per annum and requires 48 equal monthly payments. The first payment was on June 26, 2025. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note was \$0 and \$515,029, respectively.

(3) CCMCC acquisition Seller Loan

As part of the acquisition described in Note 3, Antioch issued the seller of CCMCC a promissory note in the principal amount of \$400,000. Under the terms of the note, interest shall accrue at 6% and shall be repaid in twelve equal monthly payments of principal and interest. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the principal balance of the promissory note of \$102,255 and \$202,992, respectively, is presented as a current liability on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Future maturities over the remaining term of total debt for (1) to (3) are as follows:

2026 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 696,483
2027	53,351
2028	27,022
	776,856
Less: current portion ⁽¹⁾	(711,944)
Long-term portion of debt	\$ 64,912

(1) Includes \$50,000 related party debt

Note 11 - Related Party Transactions

A shareholder of the Company was paid \$22,500 and \$22,500 as consulting fees in the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

A director of the Company was paid \$61,100 and \$19,500, respectively, as consulting fees in the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

A company controlled by a director of the Company was paid \$25,950 and \$25,950, respectively, as consulting fees during the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Director's fees of \$17,500, \$13,750, and \$10,000, respectively, were paid to 3 individual directors in the three months ended September 30, 2025. During the three months ended September 30, 2024, each director received \$4,500 \$4,500.

In December 2019, the Company received \$50,000 of proceeds from a promissory note, entered into with an executive of the Company, which bears interest at the rate of 12% per annum and matures on the earlier of the nine-month anniversary of the loan or the completion of an initial public offering. The Company completed an initial public offering in September 2024, and the parties agreed to carry the note as due on demand. The balance of this note was \$50,000 and \$50,000 as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, respectively.

Note 12 - Lease Commitments

Finance Leases

In July 2023, the Company entered into an equipment lease for \$340,048. The related finance liability has an implied interest rate of 11.16% per annum and requires 5 equal annual payments due on September 1 of each year. As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the balance of the finance liability was \$139,346 and \$215,409, respectively.

The present value of future minimum lease payments due at September 30, 2025, was as follows:

2026	\$ -
2027	81,459
2028	81,458
Total minimum payments	162,917
Less: amount representing interest	(23,572)
Present value of minimum payments	\$ 139,345
Less: current portion	(65,806)
Long term portion	\$ 73,539
E 17	

The Company has determined to amortize the lease over the useful life of the equipment or ten years and put the equipment into service in September 2024. The Company recorded amortization of \$8,501 and \$0 in the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Operating Leases

The Company leases its instructional facilities under non-cancelable operating leases expiring at various dates through 2034. In most cases, the facility leases require the Company to pay various operating expenses of the facilities in addition to base monthly lease payments. In certain cases, the Company has options available under its leases to renew, and certain leases contain ordinary rental escalations on the space. Rent expense for the certain leases described above is recorded evenly over each lease term. The difference between rent expense recorded and the amount paid is reflected as deferred rent on the accompanying balance sheets for those leases with rent escalation clauses.

The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement to determine the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As of September 30, 2025, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate used by the Company was approximately 6.7%, and the weighted average remaining years left on outstanding leases was 7.33 years.

The present value of future minimum lease payments due at September 30, 2025 was as follows:

2026	\$ 2,423,874
2027	2,591,045
2028	2,525,777
2029	2,414,604
2030	2,475,882
After 2030	7,336,011
Total future minimum operating lease payments	 19,767,193
Less: imputed interest	(4,291,581)
Total	15,475,612
Current portion of operating lease	 2,159,041
Long term portion of operating lease	\$ 13,316,571

Total rent expense and related taxes and operating expenses under operating leases for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$1,335,350 and \$999,115, respectively.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

	Sep ————————————————————————————————————	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	15,147,699	\$	15,781,177
Operating lease liability - current	\$	2,159,041	\$	2,306,061
Operating lease liability – non-current		13,316,571		13,748,161
Total operating lease liability	\$	15,475,612	\$	16,054,222

Other supplemental information:

	 For the three months ended September 30,		
	2025 2024		
Cash paid for operating lease	\$ 832,580	\$ 782,273	

Note 13 - Stockholders' Equity

Reverse Stock Split

On September 9, 2024, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation to effectuate a 1-for-2 reverse split of the Company's common stock. The amendment to the Company's articles of incorporation was filed with the Nevada Secretary of State on September 9, 2024. The consolidated financial statements, and all share and per share information contained herein, have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split.

As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, the Company had 110,000,000 shares of authorized capital, par value \$0.001, of which 100,000,000 shares are designated as common stock, and 10,000,000 shares are designated as preferred stock.

Equity Transactions

During the three months ended September 30, 2025, 44,357 stock options were exercised at \$3.74 per share of common stock.

In August 2024, 76,000 stock options were exercised at \$0.52 per share of common stock.

On September 27, 2024, the Company completed its initial public offering of 2,500,000 shares of common stock, priced at \$4.00 per share. Concurrently, the Company issued 2,013 shares as true up shares as a result of the 1-for-2 reverse split. In conjunction with the offering, the Company granted stock purchase warrants to purchase an aggregate of 143,750 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$4.60 per share to underwriters.

During the three months ended December 31, 2024, in connection with the initial public offering, the Company issued 375,000 common shares in respect to the underwriters' option to purchase up to an additional 375,000 shares of common stock to cover allotments.

On December 18, 2024, the Company issued 118,906 common shares pursuant to the terms of the APA.

A total of 89,602 stock options were exercised during the year ended June 30, 2025 at \$3.74 per share.

As of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025 the Company had 12,497,027 and 12,452,670 shares of common stock outstanding, respectively, and no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding.

Note 14 - Warrants

Equity Classified Warrants

September 2024 Common Stock Warrants

In September 2024, the Company issued warrants to certain underwriters to purchase 143,750 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with the Company's initial public offering for services provided. The warrants were immediately exercisable at a price of \$4.60 per share and have an expiration date of September 27, 2029. At issuance, the fair value of the warrants was determined to be \$227,700 using the Black-Scholes model. As the warrants are accounted for as an equity issuance cost, the fair value of the warrants was recorded within additional paid-in capital on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The warrants are not remeasured in future periods as they meets the conditions for equity classification.

The Company valued the warrants, based on a Black-Scholes Option Pricing Method, which included the following inputs:

Expected term	5 years
Expected volatility	45%
Risk-free interest rate	3.50%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%

Note 15 - Share-Based Compensation Plans

Stock Options

The Company utilizes ASC 718, *Stock Compensation*, related to accounting for share-based payments and, accordingly, records compensation expense for share-based awards based upon an assessment of the grant date fair value for stock options and restricted stock awards. The Black Scholes option pricing model was used to estimate the fair value of the options granted. This option pricing model requires a number of assumptions, of which the most significant are: expected stock price volatility, the expected pre-vesting forfeiture rate, and the expected option term (the amount of time from the grant date until the options are exercised or expire). The Company estimated a volatility factor utilizing a weighted average of comparable published volatilities of its peers. The Company applied the simplified method to determine the expected term of stock-based compensation grants.

In prior years, the Company had granted time vested options to purchase shares of common stock with exercise prices ranging from \$0.52 - \$1.80 on the date of grant by the Board. These options vest ratably over a period of three years and expire ten years from the date of grant and the fair value of these options were calculated using the Black-Scholes Merton model.

On April 1, 2024, the Company granted stock options to purchase an aggregate of 1,425,171 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$3.74 per share to employees, directors, consultants and non-employee service providers pursuant to its 2021 Equity Incentive Plan.

On September 27, 2024, the Company granted stock options to purchase an aggregate of 250,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$4.00 per share to employees, directors, consultants and non-employee service providers pursuant to its 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. These options vest ratably over a period of three years and expire ten years from the date of grant and the fair value of these options were calculated using the Black-Scholes-Merton model.

On April 2, 2025, the Company granted stock options to purchase an aggregate of 479,648 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$7.25 per share to employees and directors pursuant to its 2021 Equity Incentive Plan. These options vest ratably over a period of three years and expire ten years from the date of grant and the fair value of these options were calculated using the Black-Scholes-Merton model.

A summary of the activity related to stock option units granted is as follows:

		Summary of Sto Outstand	
	Total Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price per Option	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)
Outstanding as of June 30, 2025	2,389,217	4.21	8.20
Exercisable as of June 30, 2025	1,506,764	3.42	7.51
Granted	-	-	=
Exercised	(44,357)	3.74	-
Forfeited, canceled, or expired	-	-	=
Outstanding as of September 30, 2025	2,344,860	4.22	7.93
Exercisable as of September 30, 2025	1,559,677	3.53	7.33

A summary of the activity related to vested and unvested stock option units granted is as follows:

	Options Outstanding	 Weighted Average Exercise Price	 Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
Balance – June 30, 2025, unvested	882,453	\$ 5.54	\$ 3.40	9.36
Options issued		_	-	-
Options vested	(97,270)	5.24	3.13	10.00
Options expired	-	-	-	-
Options exercised	-	-	-	-
Balance - September 30, 2025, unvested	785,183	\$ 5.58	\$ 3.42	9.12

The Company valued options issued in April 2024 using the Black Scholes model utilizing volatility 45%, and a risk-free rate of 4.18%. The fair value of the options was \$1.84 per option.

The Company valued options issued in September 2024 using the Black Scholes model utilizing volatility 45%, and a risk-free rate of 3.75%. The fair value of the options was \$1.94 per option.

The Company valued options issued in April 2025 using the Black Scholes model utilizing volatility 55%, and a risk-free rate of 4.01%. The fair value of the options was \$4.05 per option.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$269,246 and \$67,031 during the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which is included in educational services in the consolidated income statements. Unamortized compensation expense associated with unvested options was \$562,959 and \$832,205 as of September 30, 2025 and June 30, 2025, respectively. The weighted average period over which these costs are expected to be recognized is approximately 1.75 and 2.00 years.

Note 16 - Other Commitments and Contingency

Regulatory

In order for students to participate in Title IV federal financial aid programs, the Company is required to maintain certain standards of financial responsibility and administrative capability. In addition, the Company's institutions are accredited by ACCET or ABHES and approved by other agencies and must comply with the applicable rules and regulations of the accrediting body and other agencies. As a result, the Company may be subject from time to time to audits, investigations, claims of noncompliance or lawsuits by governmental agencies, regulatory bodies, or third parties. While there can be no assurance that such matters will not occur and if they do occur will not have a material adverse effect on these financial statements, management believes that the Company has complied in all material respects with all applicable regulatory requirements as of the date of the financial statements.

The Company is subject to extensive regulation by federal and state governmental agencies and accrediting bodies. In particular, the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (the "Higher Education Act"), and the regulations promulgated thereunder by ED, subject the Company to significant regulatory scrutiny on the basis of numerous standards that schools must satisfy in order to participate in the various federal student financial assistance programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act.

Composite Score

As described above, ED requires institutions to meet standards of financial responsibility. ED deems an institution financially responsible when the composite score is at least 1.5. The Company's composite score was 3.0 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The composite score calculation for fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, has not yet been completed as of the date of these financial statements and is due on December 31, 2025.

90/10 Disclosure

The Company derives a substantial portion of its revenues from student financial aid received by its students under the Title IV programs administered by ED pursuant to the Higher Education Act. To continue to participate in the student financial aid programs, the Company must comply with the regulations promulgated under the Higher Education Act. The regulations restrict the proportion of cash receipts for tuition and fees from eligible programs to not more than 90% from Title IV programs and other federal educational assistance funds (the "90/10 revenue test"). If an institution fails to satisfy the test for one year, its participation status becomes provisional for two consecutive fiscal years. If the test is not satisfied for two consecutive years, eligibility to participate in Title IV programs is lost for at least two fiscal years. Using ED's cash-basis, regulatory formula under the 90/10 revenue test, as in effect for its 2024 fiscal year, HDMC, CCC and ICH derived 87.55%, 79.51% and 84.19% for its 90/10 revenue from the Title IV programs and other federal educational assistance funds, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The 90/10 calculations for fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, for each of our institutions are due to ED on December 31, 2025.

Litigation

The Company is unaware of any other pending or threatened litigation arising from services currently or formerly performed by the Company. The Company is unaware of any possible claiming that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

On October 16, 2025 a total of 58,708 stock options were granted to officers and directors for exercise at \$9.51 per share, vesting monthly over 3 years.

Subsequent to September 30, 2025 a total of 3,337 stock options were exercised for total proceeds of \$12,480.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred up to the date the consolidated financial statements were issued. Based upon this review, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition to historical information, this discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed below. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those identified below, and those discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 as may be amended, supplemented or superseded from time to time by other reports we file with the SEC. All amounts in this report are in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise noted.

Throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q references to "we," "our," "us," the "Company," or "Legacy," refer to Legacy Education Inc.

Overview

We provide career-focused, post-secondary education services to students at all stages of adult life, from recent high school graduates to working parents, through our accredited academic institutions: High Desert Medical College, which we acquired in July 2010, Central Coast College, which we acquired in January 2019, Contra Costa Medical Career College, which we acquired in December 2024, Integrity College of Health, and Contra Costa Medical College, which we acquired in December 2024. On December 31, 2019, we entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement with the sole member of Integrity. We purchased from the sole member of Integrity on that date 24.5% of her interest and obtained an exclusive option to acquire her remaining membership interest upon payment of \$100, which was exercised on September 15, 2020. For purposes of our financial statements, the acquisition of Integrity is deemed to have been effective as of December 31, 2019.

High Desert Medical College

HDMC was established in the State of California in 2002 and began offering classes in 2003. It started with campuses in Lancaster, California, and added its first branch in 2008 in Bakersfield, California. Due to enrollment growth and high demand for its services, HDMC expanded to add a branch campus in Temecula, California campus in order to accommodate 250 to 400 additional students. HDMC offers UT, VN, VN Associate of Applied Science degree program, Associate Degree of Nursing, nursing assistant, MRI Associate of Applied Science, cardiac sonography, pharmacy technician, dental assisting, clinical medical assisting, medical administrative assisting programs, medical billing and coding, veterinary assistant, phlebotomy technician avocational, nursing assistant avocational, UT Associate of Applied Science degree programs, and an EMT program. HDMC also has obtained approval from the Accrediting Council for Continuing Education and Training ("ACCET"), Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education ("BPPE") and ED to offer a surgical technology Associate of Applied Science program and sterile processing technician program. As of September 30, 2025, HDMC had 2,263 students enrolled in its programs.

Central Coast College

CCC was established in the State of California in 1983. In 1991, CCC moved to its current location in Salinas, California to accommodate growing enrolment numbers and the addition of new training programs.

CCC offers the following certificate or degree programs: business administrative specialist, computer specialist: accounting, medical administrative assistant, medical assisting, nursing assistant, UT, UT Associate of Applied Science, veterinary assistant, veterinary technology Associate of Applied Science, VN, surgical technology, dental assisting, sterile processing technician, and pharmacy technician. CCC also offers an avocational phlebotomy technician program. CCC also has obtained approval from ACCET and BPPE to offer an MRI Associate of Applied Science program and a cardiac sonography Associate of Applied Science program. As of September 30, 2025, CCC had 549 students enrolled in its programs.

Integrity College of Health

Integrity was established in the State of California in 2007. Integrity's campus is located in Pasadena, California. Integrity offers VN, VN Associate of Applied Science, Registered Nurse to Bachelor of Science in Nursing ("RN to BSN"), medical assisting, medical billing and coding, veterinary assistant, and Diagnostic Medical Sonography programs. Integrity also plans to offer an emergency medical technician (EMT) program and is in the process of obtaining approvals for the program (for which Integrity is not planning for ED approval to make Title IV funds available for students who enroll in the program). Integrity also has obtained approval from ABHES to offer a sterile processing technician program and will offer this program pending additional approvals. For purposes of our financial statements, Legacy Education, L.L.C. is deemed to have acquired Integrity in December 2019. As of September 30, 2025, Integrity had 220 students enrolled in its programs.

Contra Costa Medical Career College

Contra Costa was established in the state of California in 2007. Contra Costa's campus is located in Antioch, California. Contra Costa offers VN, surgical technology, sterile processing technician, pharmacy technician, medical assisting with phlebotomy, clinical medical assisting, dental assisting, diagnostic medical sonography, EKG/ECG technician, medical administrative assistant/billing and coding specialist, and phlebotomy (avocational) programs. As of September 30, 2025, Contra Costa had 463 students enrolled in its programs.

Recent Developments

Regulatory Updates

Negotiated Rulemaking

ED has promulgated a substantial number of new regulations in recent years that impact our business on a broad range of topics that have had significant impacts on our business, requiring a large number of reporting and operational changes and resulting in changes to and elimination of certain educational programs. Future regulatory actions by ED or other agencies that regulate our institutions are likely to occur and to have significant impacts on our business, require us to change our business practices and incur costs of compliance and of developing and implementing changes in operations, as has been the case with past regulatory changes. See Annual Report at Form 10-K at "Education Regulations – Negotiated Rulemaking."

On April 4, 2025, ED announced its intention to conduct negotiated rulemaking to prepare proposed regulations on topics pertaining to Title IV regulations, potentially including Public Service Loan Forgiveness, loan repayment programs, and "streamlining" current federal student financial assistance regulations.

ED published a notice of proposed rulemaking on public service loan forgiveness on August 18, 2025, and published the final regulations on October 31, 2025 with an effective date of July 1, 2026. The regulations include provisions that, among other things, amend components of the public service loan forgiveness program. We are currently evaluating these recently published regulations to determine any potential material impact on our business and schools.

On July 24, 2025, ED announced it intended to establish two negotiated rulemaking committees: one that will consider changes to the federal student loan programs and one that will consider institutional and programmatic accountability, changes to the Pell Grant Program and other matters. The rulemaking is intended to implement recent changes to the Title IV, HEA programs included in the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("OBBBA"). See Annual Report at Form 10-K "Education Regulations – Congressional Action."

The first of the two negotiated rulemaking committees (the RISE Committee) convened for one session in October and one session in November. On November 6, 2025, the RISE Committee reached consensus on proposed regulations related to topics including, for example, new federal student loan borrowing limits for certain borrowers and educational programs (including reduced limits on PLUS loans taken out by parent borrowers for undergraduate students) and reductions in federal student loan limits for students who are enrolled as less than full-time students. The agreed upon language will be incorporated into a notice of proposed rulemaking, which is expected to be released in January 2026 and will undergo a period of public notice and comment before ED makes any amendments and publishes the final regulations. It is expected that the new regulations will go into effect on July 1, 2026 along with the relevant changes in the OBBBA which become effective on that date. We cannot predict the timing and content of the final regulations, but we are currently evaluating the potential impact of the proposed regulations on the Company and are continuing to monitor the ongoing rulemaking process.

The second of the two negotiated rulemaking committees (the AHEAD Committee) is scheduled to meet in December 2025 and January 2026 and to consider new regulations on issues such as institutional and programmatic accountability measures (including the financial value transparency and gainful employment regulations and the accountability measures in the OBBBA) and changes to the Pell Grant Program.

We expect the new regulations that are expected to emerge from the RISE and AHEAD Committees will impact our institutions and operations, but we cannot predict the ultimate scope, content, and impact of the future ED regulations and guidance including any regulations further implementing the new OBBBA requirements. We are currently assessing, and will continue to assess, the potential impact of the new and proposed requirements on us and our institutions and to monitor the ongoing negotiated rulemaking process. We also cannot predict with certainty the ultimate combined impact of the regulatory changes which have occurred in recent years, nor can we predict the effect of future legislative or regulatory action by federal, state or other agencies regulating our educational programs or other aspects of our operations, how any resulting regulations will be interpreted or whether we and our institutions will be able to comply with these requirements in the future. Any such actions by legislative or regulatory bodies that affect our programs and operations could have a material adverse effect on our student population and our institutions, including the need to cease offering a number of programs.

Congressional Action

The U.S. Congress must periodically reauthorize the HEA and other laws governing the Title IV Programs and annually determine the funding level for each Title IV Program, and may pass new laws or revise existing laws at any time. Political and budgetary concerns significantly affect the Title IV Programs. If we cannot comply with the provisions of the HEA, as they may be enforced or amended (including but not limited to the provisions of the OBBBA), or if the cost of such compliance is excessive, or if funding is materially reduced, our revenues or profit margin could be materially adversely affected. See Annual Report at Form 10-K "Education Regulations – Congressional Action." On October 1, 2025, the federal government entered a shutdown due to the failure of the U.S. Congress to pass regular appropriations bills or a continuing resolution. As a result of the lapse in appropriations and the government shutdown, certain functions of ED, the VA, and other federal agencies have been adversely impacted. Approximately 90% of ED employees have been furloughed during the shutdown. However, ED has stated that it will continue to disburse federal student loans and Pell Grants and that the FAFSA will continue to be processed.

The federal government shutdown also has impacted other agencies from which our students receive funding. See Annual Report at Form 10-K "Education Regulations – Other Financial Assistance Programs." The U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") has announced that the Veterans Benefits Administration will continue to process education benefit claims and pay out veterans' education benefits during the shutdown.

On November 12, 2025, Congress passed a bill subsequently signed by the President ending the federal government shutdown. We cannot predict the duration of any future federal government shutdown, nor can we predict the extent to which such shutdowns could disrupt funding to us and our students from the Title IV programs and other federal financial assistance programs or disrupt services from ED or other federal agencies upon which our institutions and our students depend.

Financial Value Transparency and Gainful Employment Regulations

On May 19, 2023, ED published a notice of proposed rulemaking on financial value transparency and gainful employment, and on October 10, 2023, ED published final regulations which became effective on July 1, 2024. Multiple lawsuits were filed challenging these regulations, and these were consolidated into one case in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas. See Annual Report at Form 10-K "Education Regulations - Financial Value Transparency and Gainful Employment Regulations." ED subsequently filed a motion for summary judgment, which was granted by the court on October 2, 2025, upholding the validity of the regulations. The regulations will apply to us unless they are challenged successfully in future litigation such as if the plaintiffs appeal the summary judgment ruling and the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals decides in their favor. However, we cannot predict whether the plaintiffs will appeal, nor can we predict the outcome of such appeal.

Moreover, the regulations are subject to further amendment by ED. As noted above, ED established a negotiated rulemaking committee that is scheduled to meet in December 2025 and January 2026 to consider topics such as financial value transparency and gainful employment as well as separate accountability measures under OBBBA related to the potential loss of Direct Loan eligibility for certain degree programs with low earnings outcomes for two out of three years. See "Regulatory Updates – Negotiated Rulemaking;" see also Annual Report at Form 10-K "Education Regulations – Congressional Action." We cannot predict whether ED will modify the gainful employment and financial value transparency rules as a result of the negotiated rulemaking, nor can we predict the timing, scope, and final content of any regulations ED may issue on these or other topics. The implementation of recent or amended financial value transparency and gainful employment regulations and new laws and regulations related to other accountability measures could require us to modify or eliminate certain programs to comply with the new laws and regulations and could result in the loss of eligibility for some or all Title IV Programs for programs that fail to comply with the regulations which could have a material adverse effect on our student population and our revenues.

Key Financial Metrics

Revenue

Tuition revenue is primarily derived from postsecondary education services provided to students. Generally, tuition and other fees are paid upfront and recorded in contract liabilities in advance of the date when education services are provided to the student. A tuition receivable is recorded for the portion of tuition not paid in advance. In some instances, instalment billing is available to students which reduces the amount of cash consideration received in advance of performing the service. The contractual terms and conditions associated with instalment billing indicate that the student is liable for the total contract price, therefore mitigating the Company's exposure to losses associated with nonpayment. Tuition revenue is recognized ratably over the instruction period. The Company generally uses the time elapsed method, an input measure, as it best depicts the simultaneous consumption and delivery of tuition services. Revenue associated with distinct course materials is recognized at the point of time when control transfers to the student, generally when the materials are delivered to the student. Revenue associated with lab services is recognized over the period of time when the service is performed.

Enrollments

Enrollments are a function of the number of continuing students at the beginning of each period and new enrollments during the period, offset by students who either graduated or withdrew during the period.

Costs and expenses

Educational service. This expense consists primarily of costs related to the administration and delivery of educational programs by our academic institutions. This expense category includes salaries, benefits, share-based compensation, student books, student supplies and occupancy costs.

General and administrative. This expense includes bad debt expense, legal and professional fees, insurance, accreditation fees, and travel of employees engaged in corporate management, finance, human resources, compliance and other corporate functions. This expense also includes marketing and advertising costs, which are expensed in the fiscal year incurred.

Depreciation and amortization. This expense reflects depreciation and amortization of property and equipment, amortization of assets under capital leases and amortization of intangible assets.

Interest expense

This expense reflects interest paid under notes issued to our investors, IRS interest, non-cash interest related to unit option grants, interest related to notes associated with CCMCC, and other debt related interest.

Interest income

This income relates to interest received from investments.

Factors Affecting Comparability

We believe the following factors have had, or can be expected to have, a significant effect on the comparability of recent or future results of operations:

Seasonality

Our operations are generally subject to seasonal trends. We generally experience a seasonal increase in new enrollments during the first quarter of our fiscal year, as well as during the third quarter each year, when most other colleges and universities begin their fall semesters and subsequent to holiday break. While we enroll students throughout the year, our second quarter revenue generally is lower than other quarters due to the holiday season.

Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses, and related disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Our actual results could differ from these estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the evaluation of the Company's distinct performance obligations, the valuation of equity instruments and valuation allowances for credit losses related to accounts receivable.

Allowance for credit losses

We record an allowance for doubtful credit losses for estimated losses resulting from the inability, failure or refusal of our students to make required payments, which includes the recovery of financial aid funds advanced to a student for amounts in excess of the student's cost of tuition and related fees. We determine the adequacy of our allowance for doubtful accounts based on an analysis of our historical bad debt experience, current economic trends, and the aging of the accounts receivable and student status. We apply reserves to our receivables based upon an estimate of the risk presented by the age of the receivables and student status. We write off account receivable balances of inactive students at the earlier of the time the balances were deemed uncollectible, or one year after the revenue is generated. Bad debt expense is recorded as a general and administrative expense in the income statement. The Company performs an analysis annually to determine which accounts are uncollectable and write them off.

Impairment of long-lived assets

We evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets for impairment, other than goodwill, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If such assets are considered to be impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fair value estimates are based on assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows. We had no long-lived asset impairments as of September 30, 2025 or June 30, 2025, respectively.

Income taxes

GAAP requires management to evaluate tax positions taken by us and recognize a tax liability if we have taken an uncertain position that is more likely than not would be sustained upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service. Management has analyzed our tax positions and believes there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statement.

Corporate tax applies to corporations and limited liability companies that elect to be treated as corporations. The federal income tax rate for c-corporations is 21% and the state tax rate is 8.84%, and it applies to net taxable income from business activity in California.

Corporations are not subject to the state's franchise tax, but they are subject to the alternative minimum tax ("AMT") of 6.65%, which limits the effectiveness of a business writing off expenses against income to lower its corporate tax rate. C-corporations pay the state corporate tax of 8.84% or AMT of 6.65%, depending on whether they claim net taxable income.

We account for income taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be realized.

Share Based Compensation

The Company utilizes ASC 718, *Stock Compensation*, related to accounting for share-based payments and, accordingly, records compensation expense for share-based awards based upon an assessment of the grant date fair value for stock options and restricted stock awards. The Company estimates the fair value of stock-based compensation awards on the date of grant using an option-pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense over the requisite service periods in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The Company estimates the fair value of stock-based compensation awards using the Black-Scholes model. This model requires the Company to estimate the expected volatility and value of its common stock and the expected term of the stock options, all of which are highly complex and subjective variables. The expected life was calculated based on the simplified method as described by the SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 110, Share-Based Payment. The Company's estimate of expected volatility was based on the volatility of peers. The Company has selected a risk-free rate based on the implied yield available on U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity equivalent to the expected term of the options. The Company accounts for forfeitures upon occurrence.

Goodwill and Other Indefinite-lived Assets

We test goodwill and other indefinite-lived assets for impairment at least annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. There were no goodwill or other indefinite-lived intangible asset impairments for the periods presented, and based on current qualitative impairment tests, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets are not as risk of failing.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2025 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of income data as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

		Three months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	Change	
Revenue	100%	100%		
Costs and expenses:				
Educational services	53.2%	51.4%	1.8%	
General and administrative	31.5%	28.3%	3.2%	
General and administrative – related party	0.8%	0.6%	0.2%	
Depreciation and amortization	0.6%	0.6%	-%	
Total costs and expenses	86.1%	80.9%	5.2%	
Operating income	13.9%	19.1%	-5.2%	
Interest expense	-0.2%	-0.2%	-%	
Interest income	1.6%	1.8%	-0.2%	
Income before income taxes	15.3%	20.7%	-5.4%	
Income tax expense	-4.0%	-5.8%	-1.8%	
Net income	11.3%	14.9%	-3.6%	

Revenue. Our revenue was approximately \$19.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$14.0 million for the three months ending September 30, 2024, an increase of approximately \$5.4 million, or approximately 38.5 %. The increase is primarily due to increased enrollment in the current three-month period.

Educational services. Our educational services expense was approximately \$10.3 million for the three months ending September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$7.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, an increase of approximately \$3.1 million, or approximately 43.3%. The increase was primarily attributable to the increased instructional and staffing required to support the increase in enrollments as well as increased rent, externship fees and non-cash compensation charge.

General and administrative expense. Our general and administrative expense was approximately \$6.1 million for the three months ending September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$4.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, an increase of approximately \$2.1 million, or approximately 54%. The increase was primarily attributable to increases in marketing costs, professional fees, bad debt and insurance costs. Of the total general and administrative expense \$1.6 million and \$1.2 million relate to marketing expenses for fiscal 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization. Our depreciation and amortization expense was approximately \$0.12 for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$0.08 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Interest expense. Our interest expense was approximately \$0.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$0.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Income tax expense. Our income tax expense was approximately \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Net Income. Our net income was approximately \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024, an increase of approximately \$0.1 million, or approximately 0.05%, due to the reasons mentioned above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our cash and cash equivalents were approximately \$20.6 million and \$21.5 million as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

We are not party to a revolving line of credit or other debt facility.

Based on our current level of operations and anticipated growth, we believe that our cash flow from operations, the proceeds from our initial public offering and other sources of liquidity, including cash and cash equivalents, will provide adequate funds for ongoing operations, planned capital expenditures and working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Capital expenditures were approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Title IV and other government funding

A significant portion of our revenue is derived from student tuition payments funded by the Title IV Programs. As such, the timing of disbursements under the Title IV Programs is based on federal regulations and our ability to successfully and timely arrange financial aid for our students. Title IV Program funds are generally provided in multiple disbursements before we earn a significant portion of tuition and fees and incur related expenses over the period of instruction. Students must apply for new Title IV Program loans and grants each academic year. These factors, together with the timing of our students beginning their programs, affect our operating cash flow.

Financial responsibility

Based on the most recent fiscal year-end financial statements, we satisfied the composite score requirement of the financial responsibility test which institutions must satisfy in order to participate in the Title IV Programs.

Cash Flow Activities for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

Operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$1.1 million and \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The decrease of approximately \$2.1 million is primarily attributable to increase to accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other receivables, offset by an increase in income taxes payable and a reduction to deferred unearned tuition.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities remained constant and was approximately \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025, and approximately \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 with cash used for purchases of property and equipment in each of the respective reporting periods.

Financing activities

Net cash used by financing activities was approximately \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2025, as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of approximately \$8.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Cash used in the three months ended June 30, 2025 was predominantly related to the reduction of debt and lease payments, offset by proceeds from the exercise of stock options. Cash provided by financing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2024 was predominantly related to proceeds from the Company's IPO, net of offering costs, offset by the reduction of debt and lease payments.

Financings

- From July 2021 to September 2021, the Company issued 108,333 shares of common stock to investors at a purchase price of \$3.00 per share for total proceeds of \$325,000.
- From July 2022 to June 2023, the Company issued dividends of \$929,116
- From July 2024 to September 2024, the Company issued 2,500,000 shares of common stock as part of its IPO at a price of \$4.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$10,000,000
- From October 2024 to December 2024, the Company issued 375,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option by the underwriters to the IPO, at a price of \$4.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,500,000.

Impact of Inflation

We believe that inflation has not had a material impact on our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2025, and 2024. There can be no assurance that future inflation will not have an adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

Segment Information

We operate in one reportable segment as a single educational delivery operation using a core infrastructure that serves the curriculum and educational delivery needs of our institution's students regardless of geography. Our chief operating decision maker, our CEO and President, manages our operations as a whole, and our chief operating decision maker does not evaluate expenses or operating income information on a component level.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting—Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures ("ASU 2023-07"), which requires incremental disclosures related to a public entity's reportable segments. Required disclosures include, on an annual and interim basis, significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, an amount for other segment items (which is the difference between segment revenue less segment expenses and less segment profit or loss) and a description of its composition, the title and position of the CODM, and an explanation of how the CODM uses the reported measure(s) of segment profit or loss in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources. The standard also permits disclosure of more than one measure of segment profit. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. There are aspects of ASU 2023-07 that apply to entities with one reportable segment. The Company adopted this guidance in the fiscal fourth quarter of 2025. The adoption of ASU 2023-07 is reflected in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Segment Reporting."

JOBS Act

On April 5, 2012, the JOBS Act was enacted. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act, for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an "emerging growth company" can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies.

We have chosen to take advantage of the extended transition periods available to emerging growth companies under the JOBS Act for complying with new or revised accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies provided under the JOBS Act. As a result, our financial statements may not be comparable to those of companies that comply with public company effective dates for complying with new or revised accounting standards.

We are in the process of evaluating the benefits of relying on other exemptions and reduced reporting requirements provided by the JOBS Act. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, as an "emerging growth company," we intend to rely on certain of these exemptions, including, without limitation, (i) providing an auditor's attestation report on our system of internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and (ii) complying with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements, known as the auditor discussion and analysis. We will remain an "emerging growth company" until the earliest of (i) the last day of the fiscal year in which we have total annual gross revenues of \$1.235 billion or more, as such amount is indexed for inflation every five years by the Securities and Exchange Commission to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers during its most recently completed fiscal year; (ii) the last day of our fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the date of the completion of our initial public offering; (iii) the date on which we have issued more than \$1 billion in nonconvertible debt during the previous three years; or (iv) the date on which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is not required to provide the information required by this Item as it is a "smaller reporting company," as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer evaluated the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" as of September 30, 2025, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to a company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and recognizes that any control and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the controls system are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2025, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control

There have been no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the controls system are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may be subject to litigation and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings and we are not aware of any pending or threatened legal proceeding against us that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, cash flows or financial condition

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risk factors that affect our business and financial results are discussed in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2025 as filed with the SEC on September 25, 2025 ("Annual Report"). Other than the information set forth in this Form 10-Q, including the section titled "Regulatory Updates," there have been no material changes in our risk factors from those previously disclosed in our Annual Report. You should carefully consider the risks described in our Annual Report which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, and/or operating results. If any of the risks actually occur, our business, financial condition, and/or results of operations could be negatively affected.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(a) Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities.

None

(b) Use of IPO Proceeds.

On September 27, 2024, we completed our IPO pursuant to which we issued and sold 2,500,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share. We also issued 375,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$4.00 per share in the second quarter of fiscal 2025. The securities were sold pursuant to our Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-281586) which was declared effective by the SEC on September 25, 2024.

We received net proceeds of approximately \$7.9 million from the sale of the 2,500,000 shares of common stock after deducting discounts and commissions and offering expenses We also received net proceeds of approximately \$1.4 million, which includes 375,000 shares of common stock issued pursuant to the exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses.

The offering commenced on September 25, 2024, and did not terminate before all securities registered in the registration statement were sold.

None of the expenses incurred by us were direct or indirect payments to any of (i) our directors or officers or their associates, (ii) persons owning 10% or more of our common stock, or (iii) our affiliates. Northland Securities, Inc., acted as book-running manager and representative of the underwriters for the IPO.

There has been no material change in the planned use of proceeds from our IPO from that described in the final prospectus related to the offering, dated September 25, 2024, as filed with the SEC on September 27, 2024.

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During our quarter ended September 30, 2025, none of our directors or executive officers adopted, modified or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" as such terms are defined under Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Exchange Act.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

No.	Description
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section
	302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section
	302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 is formatted in
	Inline XBRL

- Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LEGACY EDUCATION INC.

Date: November 13, 2025

By: /s/ LeeAnn Rohmann
LeeAnn Rohmann
Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 13, 2025

By: /s/ Brandon Pope Brandon Pope

Brandon Pope Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Legacy Education Inc. Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, LeeAnn Rohmann, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Legacy Education Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2025

/s/ LeeAnn Rohmann
LeeAnn Rohmann
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Legacy Education Inc. Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Brandon Pope, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Legacy Education Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2025 /s/

/s/ Brandon Pope
Brandon Pope
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, LeeAnn Rohmann, Chief Executive Officer of Legacy Education Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that based on the undersigned's knowledge:

- 1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 13, 2025

/s/ LeeAnn Rohmann

LeeAnn Rohmann Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Brandon Pope, Chief Financial Officer of Legacy Education Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that based on the undersigned's knowledge:

- 1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 13, 2025

/s/ Brandon Pope

Brandon Pope Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)